

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Version 2 Revision Date 03.12.2018

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Copper (I) oxide

Product Number : PRD5512

Brand : Better Equipped Index-No. : 029-002-00-X

REACH No. : A registration number is not available for this substance as the substance or

its uses are exempted from registration or the annual tonnage does not require

a registration.

CAS-No. : 1317-39-1

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

Uses advised against : Not for sale to the general public

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Better Equipped,

Wrenbury Business Park,

Wrenbury Road,

Wrenbury,

Nantwich, Cheshire, CW5 8EB, UK

Telephone +44 (0) 800 9707142 Fax +44 (0) 800 066 4443

E-mail address sales@betterequipped.co.uk

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # +44 (0)1270 781238

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302

Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4), H332

Serious Eye Damage (Category 1), H318

Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 1), H400

Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 1), H410

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

### 2.2 Label elements

# Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Pictogram

Signal word Danger



Hazard statement(s)

H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled H318 Causes Serious Eye Damage

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

Rinse mouth.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Supplemental Hazard

Statements

none

### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1 Substances

Synonyms : Cuprous oxide

Formula : Cu<sub>2</sub>O

 Molecular weight
 : 143.09 g/mol

 CAS-No.
 : 1317-39-1

 EC-No.
 : 215-270-7

 Index-No.
 : 029-002-00-X

Hazardous ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Component		Classification	Concentration
Dicopper oxide			
CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No.	1317-39-1 215-270-7 029-002-00-X	Acute Tox. 4; Eye Irrit. 2; Aquatic Acute 1; Aquatic Chronic 1; H302, H332, H318, H400, H410 M-Factor - Aquatic Acute: 100	<= 100 %

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

### General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

### In case of skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

### In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

# If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.



# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

### Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

# Unsuitable extinguishing media

Nothing specified.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

### 5.4 Further information

No data available

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### - 6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing dust.

### - 6.1.2 For emergency responders

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing dust.

For personal protection see section 8.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.



# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. For precautions see section 2.2.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Air and moisture sensitive.

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

# 8.1 Control parameters

# Components with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS-No.	ValueForm of exposure	Control parameters	Basis
Dicopper oxide	1317-39-1	TWA (Dusts and mists)	1 mg/m3	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
		STEL (Dusts and mists)	2 mg/m3	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

# 8.1.2 Information on currently recommended monitoring procedures

For currently recommended monitoring procedures, see HSE series 'Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances' (MDHS)

# 8.1.3 The relevant PNECs for the substance/s for the exposure scenarios:

PNEC's. The Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC) value is the concentration of a substance below which adverse effects in the environment are not expected to occur. Please note that when more than one summary is provided, PNEC values may refer to constituents of the substance and not to the substance as a whole.

Hazard for Aquatic Organisms		
Freshwater	7.8 μg/L (1)	
Intermittent releases (freshwater)	-	
Marine water	5.2 μg/L (1)	
Intermittent releases (marine water)	-	
Sewage treatment plant (STP)	230 μg/L (1)	
Sediment (freshwater)	87 mg/kg sediment dw (1)	
Sediment (marine water)	676 mg/kg sediment dw (1)	
Hazard for Air		



Air	-	
Hazard for Terrestrial Organism		
Soil	65 mg/kg soil dw (1)	
Hazard for Predators		
Secondary poisoning	No potential for bioaccumulation (1)	

#### 8.2 **Exposure controls**

### Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Use Local exhaust ventilation (LEV).

# Personal protective equipment

# Eve/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

### Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum laver thickness: 0.11 mm

Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Splash contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de,

test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

### **Body Protection**

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

### Respiratory protection

For nuisance exposures use type P95 (US) or type P1 (EU EN 143) particle respirator. For higher level protection use type OV/AG/P99 (US) or type ABEK-P2 (EU EN 143) respirator cartridges. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

### Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.



# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** Form: powder Colour: dark red a) b)

Odour odourless

c) Odour Threshold No data available d) Hq No data available

Melting point/freezing point Melting point/range: 1,230 °C e)

Initial boiling point and boiling range No data available f)

Flash point Not applicable g) Evaporation rate No data available h)

Flammability (solid, gas) No data available i)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits No data available j) Vapour pressure No data available k)

Vapour density I) No data available Relative density 6 g/mL at 25 °C

m) Water solubility n) No data available

Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water No data available o)

p) Auto-ignition temperature No data available

q) Decomposition temperature No data available Viscosity No data available r)

Explosive properties No data available s) Oxidizing properties No data available t)

#### 9.2 Other safety information

**Bulk density** 1.4 g/l

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

None based on the data available

# 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal processing

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Air Avoid moisture.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Copper oxides

Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire; see section 5

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - 1,340 mg/kg

(OECD Test Guideline 401)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 4 h - 3.34 mg/l

(OECD Test Guideline 403)



LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - > 2,000 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402)

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation (OECD Test Guideline 404)

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Irritating to eyes. (OECD Test Guideline 405)

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Maximisation Test - Guinea pig

Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

(OECD Test Guideline 406)

# Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

### Carcinogenicity

IARC:

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

# Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - Rat - Inhalation

Effects on Fertility: Male fertility index (e.g., # males impregnating females per # males exposed to fertile nonpregnant females).

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

# Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

# **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

# **Additional Information**

Repeated dose toxicity RTECS: GL8050000

Rat - male and female - Inhalation - 678 h - NOAEL : > 2 mg/kg - LOAEL : 0.2 mg/kg - OECD Test Guideline 412

Symptoms of systemic copper poisoning may include: capillary damage, headache, cold sweat, weak pulse, and kidney and liver damage, central nervous system excitation followed by depression, jaundice, convulsions, paralysis, and coma. Death may occur from shock or renal failure. Chronic copper poisoning is typified by hepatic cirrhosis, brain damage and demyelination, kidney defects, and copper deposition in the cornea as exemplified by humans with Wilson's disease. It has also been reported that copper poisoning has lead to hemolytic anemia and accelerates arteriosclerosis.

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.



# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish

LC50 - Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow) - > 0.17 mg/l - 96.0 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 0.5 mg/l - 48 h

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### 12.6 Other adverse effects

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Avoid release to the environment.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

### **Product**

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber. Unused product may be returned and reused, in addition to disposal.

### Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: 3077 IMDG: 3077 IATA: 3077

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Dicopper oxide) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Dicopper oxide)

IATA: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Dicopper oxide)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 9 IMDG: 9 IATA: 9

14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: III IMDG: III IATA: III

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: yes IMDG Marine pollutant: yes IATA: yes

14.6 Special precautions for user



### **Further information**

EHS-Mark required (ADR 2.2.9.1.10, IMDG code 2.10.3) for single packagings and combination packagings containing inner packagings with Dangerous Goods > 5L for liquids or > 5kg for solids.

# 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code N/A

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# **Safety**, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H302 + H332	Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Revisions made since previous version of data sheet:

The following sections of this data sheet have been updated:

1.1, 1.2, 2.1, 2.2, 3.1, 4.1, 5.1, 6.1, 7.1, 8.1, 8.2, 11.1, 13.1, 14.7, 15.1 16

We strongly recommend reading the entire data sheet for this chemical in preparation ahead of use.

### **Further information**

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Better Equipped and its Affiliates shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.