

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Version 2 Revision Date 12.12.2018

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1	Product identifiers			
	Product name :	Ethyl acetate		
		5373 Better Equipped 607-022-00-5 A registration number is not available for this substance as the substance or s uses are exempted from registration or the annual tonnage does not require registration. 141-78-6		
1.2		he substance or mixture and uses advised against		
	Identified uses :	Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances		
	Uses advised against :	Not for sale to the general public		
1.3	Details of the supplier of the Company :	safety data sheet Better Equipped, Wrenbury Business Park, Wrenbury Road, Wrenbury, Nantwich, Cheshire, CW5 8EB, UK		
		Telephone +44 (0) 800 9707142 Fax +44 (0) 800 066 4443 E-mail address sales@betterequipped.co.uk		
1.4	Emergency telephone numb	er		
	Emergency Phone #	+44 (0)1270 781238		

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Flammable liquids (Category 2), H225 Eye irritation (Category 2), H319 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Central nervous system, H336

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Pictogram

Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement(s) H225 H319 H336	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.



Keep away from heat hot surfaces sparks open flames and other

Precautionary statement(s) P210

1210	Reep away norm near, nor sunaces, sparks, open names and other
	ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Supplemental Hazard information (EU) EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Formula	:	C ₄ H ₈ O ₂
Molecular weight	:	88.11 g/mol
CAS-No.	:	141-78-6
EC-No.	:	205-500-4
Index-No.	:	607-022-00-5

Hazardous ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Component		Classification	Concentration
Ethyl acetate			
CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No.	141-78-6 205-500-4 607-022-00-5	Flam. Liq. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; 3 SE 3; H225, H319, H336 Concentration limits: 20 %: STOT SE 3, H336	

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms & effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and in section 11



4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet.

- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture No data available
- **5.3** Advice for firefighters Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.
- 5.4 Further information Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- 6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

- 6.1.2 For emergency responders

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13).

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

7.1.2 Advice on general occupational hygiene:

- No smoking.
- Do not eat or drink.
- Wash hands after use.
- Remove contaminated clothing.

For precautions see section 2.2.



7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Component	CÁS-No.	ValueForm of exposure	Control parameters	Basis
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	STEL	400 ppm 1,468 mg/m3	Commission Directive (EU) 2017/164 establishing a fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC, and amending Commission Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC and 2009/161/EU
	Remarks	Indicative		
		TWA	200 ppm 734 mg/m3	Commission Directive (EU) 2017/164 establishing a fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC, and amending Commission Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC and 2009/161/EU
		Indicative		
		TWA	200 ppm	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
		STEL	400 ppm	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

8.1.2 Information on currently recommended monitoring procedures

For currently recommended monitoring procedures, see HSE series 'Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances' (MDHS)

8.1.3 The relevant DNELs and PNECs for the substance/s for the exposure scenarios:

DNEL's. The derived no- or minimum effect level (DN(M)EL) is the level of exposure above which a human should not be exposed to a substance. Please note that when more than one summary is provided, DN(M)EL values may refer to constituents of the substance and not to the substance as a whole.

Data for WORKERS

INHALATION Exposure	Threshold	Most sensitive study		
Systemic Effects				
Long-term:	(DNEL) 734 mg/m³	irritation (respiratory tract)		



Acute /short term:	(DNEL) 1 468 mg/m³	irritation (respiratory tract)		
Local Effects				
Long-term:	(DNEL) 734 mg/m³	irritation (respiratory tract)		
Acute /short term:	(DNEL) 1 468 mg/m³	irritation (respiratory tract)		
DERMAL Exposure	Threshold	Most sensitive study		
Systemic Effects				
Long-term:	(DNEL) 63 mg/kg bw/day	irritation (respiratory tract)		
Acute /short term: No hazard identified				
Local Effects				
Long-term:	No hazard identified			
Acute /short term:	Low hazard (no threshold derived)			
EYE Exposure				
Low hazard (no threshold derived)				

Data for the GENERAL POPULATION

INHALATION Exposure	Threshold	Most sensitive study			
Systemic Effects	Systemic Effects				
Long-term:	(DNEL) 367 mg/m³	irritation (respiratory tract)			
Acute /short term:	(DNEL) 734 mg/m³	irritation (respiratory tract)			
Local Effects	Local Effects				
Long-term:	(DNEL) 367 mg/m³	irritation (respiratory tract)			
Acute /short term:	(DNEL) 734 mg/m³	irritation (respiratory tract)			
DERMAL Exposure	Threshold	Most sensitive study			
Systemic Effects					
Long-term:	(DNEL) 37 mg/kg bw/day	irritation (respiratory tract)			



Acute /short term:	No hazard identified			
Local Effects	Local Effects			
Long-term:	Low hazard (no threshold derived)			
Acute /short term:	No hazard identified			
ORAL Exposure	Threshold	Most sensitive study		
Systemic Effects				
Long-term:	(DNEL) 4.5 mg/kg bw/day	repeated dose toxicity		
Acute /short term:	No hazard identified			
EYE Exposure				
Low hazard (no threshold derived)				

PNEC's. The Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC) value is the concentration of a substance below which adverse effects in the environment are not expected to occur. Please note that when more than one summary is provided, PNEC values may refer to constituents of the substance and not to the substance as a whole.

Hazard for Aquatic Organisms			
Freshwater	240 μg/L (1)		
Intermittent releases (freshwater)	1.65 mg/L (1)		
Marine water	24 µg/L (1)		
Intermittent releases (marine water)	-		
Sewage treatment plant (STP)	650 mg/L (1)		
Sediment (freshwater)	1.15 mg/kg sediment dw (1)		
Sediment (marine water)	115 µg/kg sediment dw (1)		
Hazard for Air			
Air	No hazard identified (1)		
Hazard for Terrestrial Organism			
Soil	148 µg/kg soil dw (1)		
Hazard for Predators			
Secondary poisoning	200 mg/kg food (1)		



8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Use Local exhaust ventilation (LEV).

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Splash contact Material: butyl-rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.3 mm Break through time: 113 min Material tested:Butoject® (KCL 897 / Aldrich Z677647, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

Body Protection

Impervious clothing, Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- a) Appearance
- b) Odour
- c) Odour Threshold
- d) pH
- e) Melting point/freezing point
- f) Initial boiling point and boiling range
- g) Flash point
- h) Evaporation rate

Form: clear, liquid Colour: colourless No data available No data available No data available Melting point/range: -84 °C 76.5 - 77.5 °C -3.0 °C - closed cup No data available



- i) Flammability (solid, gas)
- j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits
- k) Vapour pressure
- I) Vapour density
- m) Relative density
- n) Water solubility
- o) Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water
- p) Auto-ignition temperature
- q) Decomposition temperature
- r) Viscosity
- s) Explosive properties
- t) Oxidizing properties

No data available Upper explosion limit: 11.5 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 2.2 %(V) 97.3 hPa at 20.0 °C No data available 0.90 g/cm3 at 20 °C soluble log Pow: 0.73 427.0 °C No data available No data available No data available No data available No data available

9.2 Other safety information

Surface tension 24.0 mN/m at 20.0 °C

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity None based on the data available
- **10.2 Chemical stability** Stable under recommended storage conditions.
- **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** None under normal processing
- **10.4 Conditions to avoid** Heat, flames and sparks.
- **10.5 Incompatible materials** Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products Other decomposition products - No data available Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity LD50 Oral - Rat - 5,620 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation - Mouse - 2 h - 45,000 mg/m3

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - > 18,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit Result: Mild skin irritation (OECD Test Guideline 404)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Respiratory or skin sensitisation No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity



No data available

Carcinogenicity

This product is or contains a component that is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity based on its IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or EPA classification.

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

Additional Information

RTECS: AH5425000

Inhalation of high concentrations may cause:, Headache, Drowsiness, Dizziness, Vomiting, narcosis, anemia, Central nervous system depression

Kidney - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish

LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 350.00 - 600.00 mg/l - 96 h

LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 220.00 - 250.00 mg/l - 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 2,300.00 - 3,090.00 mg/l - 24 h LC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 560 mg/l - 48 h

Toxicity to algae

EC50 - Algae - 4,300.00 mg/l - 24 h

EC50 - SELENASTRUM - 1,800.00 - 3,200.00 mg/l - 72 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability Result: 79 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301D)

- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation - 3 d Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 30
- 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available



12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Unused product may be returned and reused, in addition to disposal.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

SECT	SECTION 14: Transport information					
14.1	UN numbe ADR/RID:	-	IMDG: 1173	IATA: 1173		
14.2		shipping name ETHYL ACETATE ETHYL ACETATE Ethyl acetate				
14.3	Transport ADR/RID: 3	hazard class(es) 3	IMDG: 3	IATA: 3		
14.4	Packaging ADR/RID:		IMDG: II	IATA: II		
14.5	Environmo ADR/RID:	ental hazards no	IMDG Marine pollutant: no	IATA: no		
14.6	No data av					
14.7	Transport N/A	in bulk according to A	nnex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the	IBC Code		

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.



Revisions made since previous version of data sheet:

The following sections of this data sheet have been updated:

1.1, 1.2, 4.1, 5.1, 6.1, 7.1, 8.1, 8.2, 11, 12, 13, 14.7, 16

We strongly recommend reading the entire data sheet for this chemical in preparation ahead of use.

Further information

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Better Equipped and its Affiliates shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.



Annex: Exposure scenario

Identified uses:

Use: Manufacturing and on-site use

SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU 3, SU9: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites, Manufacture of fine chemicals

PC19: Intermediate

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent

ERC1: Manufacture of substances

Use: Formulation of preparations

SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU 10: Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/ or re-packaging (excluding alloys)

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact)

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent

ERC2: Formulation of preparations

Use: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU 3, SU9: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites, Manufacture of fine chemicals

PC20: Products such as pH-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents

PC21: Laboratory chemicals

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC10: Roller application or brushing

PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring

PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent

ERC4, ERC6b, ERC1: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles, Industrial use of reactive processing aids, Manufacture of substances

Use: Used as laboratory reagent

SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen) **SU 3, SU 22, SU24:** Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites, Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen), Scientific research and development

PC21: Laboratory chemicals

PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent



ERC4, ERC8a: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles, Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario: Manufacturing and on-site use

Main User Groups	: SU 3
Sectors of end-use	: SU 3, SU9
Chemical product category	: PC19
Process categories	: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15
Environmental Release Categories	: ERC1:

2. Exposure scenario

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC1

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article

: Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15, PC19

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in	: Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to
Mixture/Article	100 % (unless stated differently).
Physical Form (at time of use)	: Medium volatile liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Application duration	: > 4 h
Frequency of use	: 220 days/year

Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure
Outdoor / Indoor : Indoor

Technical conditions and measures

Provide adequate ventilation., Good work practice required.

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374., For personal protection see section 8.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

A chemical safety assessment was performed according REACH Article 14(3), Annex I, sections 3 (Environmental Hazard assessment) and 4 (PBT/vPvB Assessment). As no hazard was identified, an exposure assessment and risk characterisation is not necessary (REACH Annex I section 5.0).

Workers

Contributing Scenario	Exposure Assessment Method	Specific conditions	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR*
PROC1	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	0.026 mg/m ³	0
PROC1	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	0.034 mg/kg BW/d	0.001
PROC2	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust	Dermal	1.371 mg/kg BW/d	0.022



		Ventilation			
PROC2	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	12.849 mg/m ³	0.018
PROC3	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	25.699 mg/m ³	0.035
PROC3	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	0.686 mg/kg BW/d	0.011
PROC4	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	6.857 mg/kg BW/d	0.109
PROC4	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	128.494 mg/m ³	0.175
PROC8b	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	13.714 mg/kg BW/d	0.218
PROC8b	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	64.247 mg/m ³	0.088
PROC9	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	128.494 mg/m ³	0.175
PROC9	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	6.857 mg/kg BW/d	0.109
PROC15	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	0.343 mg/kg BW/d	0.005
PROC15	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	25.699 mg/m ³	0.035

*Risk characterisation ratio

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Please refer to the following documents: ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment Part D: Exposure Scenario Building, Part E: Risk Characterisation and Part G: Extending the SDS; VCI/Cefic REACH Practical Guides on Exposure Assessment and Communications in the Supply Chain; CEFIC Guidance Specific Environmental Release Categories (SPERCs).

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario: Formulation of preparations

Main User Groups	: SU 3
Sectors of end-use	: SU 10
Process categories	: PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15
Environmental Release Categories	: ERC2:

2. Exposure scenario

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC2

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in	: Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to
Mixture/Article	100 % (unless stated differently).



2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article Physical Form (at time of use)	 Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently). Medium volatile liquid
Frequency and duration of use	

Application duration	: > 4 h
Frequency of use	: 220 days/year

Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure
Outdoor / Indoor : Indoor

Technical conditions and measures

Provide adequate ventilation., Good work practice required.

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374., For personal protection see section 8.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

A chemical safety assessment was performed according REACH Article 14(3), Annex I, sections 3 (Environmental Hazard assessment) and 4 (PBT/vPvB Assessment). As no hazard was identified, an exposure assessment and risk characterisation is not necessary (REACH Annex I section 5.0).

Workers

Contributing Scenario	Exposure Assessment Method	Specific conditions	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR*
PROC2	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	12.849 mg/m ³	0.018
PROC2	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	1.371 mg/kg BW/d	0.022
PROC3	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	25.699 mg/m ³	0.035
PROC3	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	0.686 mg/kg BW/d	0.011
PROC4	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	6.857 mg/kg BW/d	0.109
PROC4	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	128.494 mg/m ³	0.175
PROC5	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	13.714 mg/kg BW/d	0.218
PROC5	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	256.988 mg/m ³	0.35
PROC8b	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	13.714 mg/kg BW/d	0.218



PROC8b	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	64.247 mg/m³	0.088
PROC9	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	6.857 mg/kg BW/d	0.109
PROC9	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	128.494 mg/m ³	0.175
PROC15	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	25.699 mg/m ³	0.035
PROC15	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	0.343 mg/kg BW/d	0.005

*Risk characterisation ratio

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Please refer to the following documents: ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment Part D: Exposure Scenario Building, Part E: Risk Characterisation and Part G: Extending the SDS; VCI/Cefic REACH Practical Guides on Exposure Assessment and Communications in the Supply Chain; CEFIC Guidance Specific Environmental Release Categories (SPERCs).

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

Main User Groups Sectors of end-use Chemical product category Process categories	: SU 3 : SU 3, SU9 : PC20, PC21 : PROC3, PROC4, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC15		
Environmental Release Categories	: ERC4, ERC6b, ERC1:		
2. Exposure scenario			
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling envir	onmental exposure for: ERC4, ERC6b, ERC1		
Product characteristics Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	: Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).		
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling work PROC13, PROC15, PC20, PC21	er exposure for: PROC3, PROC4, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10,		
Product characteristics Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article Physical Form (at time of use)	 Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently). Medium volatile liquid 		
Frequency and duration of use Application duration Frequency of use	: > 4 h : 220 days/year		
Other operational conditions affecting Outdoor / Indoor	ng workers exposure : Indoor		
Technical conditions and measures Provide adequate ventilation., Good we			
Organisational measures to prevent	Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure		

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.



Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374., For personal protection see section 8.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

A chemical safety assessment was performed according REACH Article 14(3), Annex I, sections 3 (Environmental Hazard assessment) and 4 (PBT/vPvB Assessment). As no hazard was identified, an exposure assessment and risk characterisation is not necessary (REACH Annex I section 5.0).

Workers

Contributing Scenario	Exposure Assessment Method	Specific conditions	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR*
PROC3	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	25.699 mg/m ³	0.035
PROC3	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	0.686 mg/kg BW/d	0.011
PROC4	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	128.494 mg/m ³	0.175
PROC4	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	6.857 mg/kg BW/d	0.109
PROC8b	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	64.247 mg/m ³	0.088
PROC8b	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	13.714 mg/kg BW/d	0.218
PROC9	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	128.494 mg/m ³	0.175
PROC9	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	6.857 mg/kg BW/d	0.109
PROC10	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	256.988 mg/m ³	0.35
PROC10	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	27.429 mg/kg BW/d	0.435
PROC13	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	13.714 mg/kg BW/d	0.218
PROC13	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	256.988 mg/m ³	0.35
PROC15	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	25.699 mg/m ³	0.035
PROC15	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	0.343 mg/kg BW/d	0.005

*Risk characterisation ratio



4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Please refer to the following documents: ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment Part D: Exposure Scenario Building, Part E: Risk Characterisation and Part G: Extending the SDS; VCI/Cefic REACH Practical Guides on Exposure Assessment and Communications in the Supply Chain; CEFIC Guidance Specific Environmental Release Categories (SPERCs).

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario: Used as laboratory reagent

Main User Groups	: SU 22
Sectors of end-use	: SU 3, SU 22, SU24
Chemical product category	: PC21
Process categories	: PROC15
Environmental Release Categories	: ERC4, ERC8a:

2. Exposure scenario

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2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC4, ERC8a

Concentration of the Substance in	: Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to
Mixture/Article	100 % (unless stated differently).

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC15, PC21

Product characteristics	
Concentration of the Substance in	: Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to
Mixture/Article	100 % (unless stated differently).
Physical Form (at time of use)	: Medium volatile liquid

Frequency and duration of use

- -

Application duration	: > 4 h
Frequency of use	: 220 days/year

Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure
Outdoor / Indoor
Indoor

Technical conditions and measures

Provide adequate ventilation., Good work practice required.

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374., For personal protection see section 8.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

A chemical safety assessment was performed according REACH Article 14(3), Annex I, sections 3 (Environmental Hazard assessment) and 4 (PBT/vPvB Assessment). As no hazard was identified, an exposure assessment and risk characterisation is not necessary (REACH Annex I section 5.0).

Workers

Contributing Scenario	Exposure Assessment Method	Specific conditions	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR*
PROC15	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	0.343 mg/kg BW/d	0.005
PROC15	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	25.699 mg/m ³	0.035



*Risk characterisation ratio

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Please refer to the following documents: ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment Part D: Exposure Scenario Building, Part E: Risk Characterisation and Part G: Extending the SDS; VCI/Cefic REACH Practical Guides on Exposure Assessment and Communications in the Supply Chain; CEFIC Guidance Specific Environmental Release Categories (SPERCs).